### 1. Chemical Product and Company Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product name:</th>
<th>Acetaldehyde</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Contact Information: | Radchem cc  
PO Box 166982  
Brackendowns  
Alberton 1454  
Telephone: 011 867 3726 / 2864 |

| Emergency Telephone Numbers: | |

### 2. Hazard Identification

Hazardous in case of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation (lung irritant). Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant, permeator).

### 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

| CAS #: | 75-07-0 |
| Synonym: | Ethyl Aldehyde; Ethanal; Acetic Aldehyde |
| Chemical Name: | Acetaldehyde |
| Chemical Formula: | CH₃CHO |

### 4. First Aid Measures

**Eye Contact:** Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention.

**Skin Contact:** In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Cold water may be used. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention.

**Serious Skin Contact:** Not available.
**Inhalation:** If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

**Serious Inhalation:** Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek medical attention.

**Ingestion:** Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If large quantities of this material are swallowed, call a physician immediately. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Serious Ingestion:** Not available.

---

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Flammability of the Product:** Flammable.

**Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:** Extremely flammable in presence of open flames and sparks, of heat. Non-flammable in presence of shocks.


**Fire Fighting Media and Instructions:** Flammable liquid, soluble or dispersed in water. SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder. LARGE FIRE: Use alcohol foam, water spray or fog. Cool containing vessels with water jet in order to prevent pressure build-up, auto ignition or explosion.

**Special Remarks on Fire Hazards:** When heated to decomposition it emits acrid smoke and fumes.

**Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards:** Hazardous or explosive polymerization may occur with acids, alkaline materials, heat, strong bases, trace metals. Forms explosive peroxides on exposure to air, heat or sunlight.

---

### 6. Accidental release measures

**Small Spill:** Dilute with water and mop up, or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container.

**Large Spill:** Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

---

### 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions:** Keep locked up. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapor/spray. Avoid contact with eyes. Wear suitable protective clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents, combustible materials, organic materials, metals, acids, alkalis.

**Storage:** Store in a segregated and approved area. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Engineering Controls:** Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapours below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

**Personal Protection:** Splash goggles. Lab coat. Vapour respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves (impervious).

**Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:** Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapour respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

9. Physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Physical state and appearance: Liquid. (Fuming liquid.)</th>
<th>Odour Threshold: 0.21 ppm</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Taste: Leafy green</td>
<td>Dispersion Properties: See solubility in water, diethyl ether, acetone.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour: Colourless.</td>
<td>Solubility: Easily soluble in cold water, hot water. Soluble in diethyl ether, acetone. Miscible with benzene, gasoline, solvent naphtha, toluene, xylene, turpentine. Solubility in water: 1000 g/l @ 25 deg. C.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Point: 21°C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting Point: -123.5°C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Critical Temperature: 188°C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific Gravity: 0.78 (Water = 1)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour Density: 1.52 (Air = 1)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volatility: Not available.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10. Stability and reactivity

**Stability:** The product is stable.

**Instability Temperature:** Not available.

**Conditions of Instability:** Heat, ignition sources, incompatible materials

**Incompatibility with various substances:** Highly reactive with metals, acids, alkalis. Reactive with oxidizing agents, combustible materials, organic materials.

**Corrosivity:** Non-corrosive in presence of glass.

**Special Remarks on Reactivity:** Reacts with oxidizing materials, halogens, amines, strong alkalies (bases), and acids, cobalt acetate, phenols, ketones, ammonia, hydrogen cyanide, hydrogen sulphide, hydrogen peroxide, mercury (II) salts (chlorate or perchlorate), acid anhydrides, alcohols, iodine, isocyanates, phosphorus, phosphorus isocyanate, tris(2-chlorobutyl)amine. It can slowly polymerize to paraldehyde. Polymerization may occur in presence of acid traces causing exothermic reaction, increased vessel pressure, fire, and explosion. Impure material polymerizes readily in presence of traces of metals (iron) or acids. Acetaldehyde is polymerized violently by concentrated sulphuric acid. Acetaldehyde can dissolve rubber.

**Special Remarks on Corrosivity:** Not available.
### 11. Toxicological information

**Routes of Entry:** Absorbed through skin. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

**Toxicity to Animals:** WARNING: THE LC50 VALUES HEREUNDER ARE ESTIMATED ON THE BASIS OF A 4-HOUR EXPOSURE. Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 661 mg/kg [Rat.]. Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): 3540 mg/kg [Rabbit]. Acute toxicity of the vapor (LC50): 23000 mg/m³ 4 hours [Mouse].

**Chronic Effects on Humans:** CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified 2B (Possible for human.) by IARC. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Mutagenic for mammalian somatic cells. Mutagenic for bacteria and/or yeast. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified POSSIBLE for human.

May cause damage to the following organs: liver.

**Other Toxic Effects on Humans:** Hazardous in case of ingestion, of inhalation (lung irritant). Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant, permeator).

**Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals:** Not available.

**Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans:** May cause adverse reproductive effects and birth defects(teratogenic) based on animal test data May affect genetic material (mutagenic). May cause cancer based on animal test data

**Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans:** Acute Potential Health Effects: Skin: Causes mild skin irritation. It can be absorbed through intact skin. Eyes: Causes severe eye irritation. Eye splashes produce painful but superficial corneal injuries which heal rapidly. Inhalation: It causes upper respiratory tract and mucous membrane irritation. It decreases the amount of pulmonary macrophages. It may cause bronchitis. It may cause pulmonary edema, often the cause of delayed death. It may affect respiration (dyspnea) and respiratory arrest and death may occur. It may affect behavior/central nervous and cause central nervous system depression. Irritation usually prevents voluntary exposure to airborne concentrations high enough to cause CNS depression, although this effect has occurred in experimental animals. It may also affect the peripheral nervous system and cardiovascular system (hypotension or hypertension, tachycardia, bradycardia), kidneys (albuminuria) Chronic Potential Health Effects: Skin: Prolonged direct skin contact causes erythema and burns. Repeated exposure may cause dermatitis secondary to primary irritation or sensitization. Ingestion: Symptoms of chronic Acetaldehyde exposure may resemble those of chronic alcoholism. Acetaldehyde is the a metabolite of ethanol in humans and has been implicated as the active agent damaging the liver in ethanol-induced liver disease.

### 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity:** Not available.

**BOD₅ and COD:** Not available.

**Products of Biodegradation:** Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

**Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation:** The products of degradation are less toxic than the product itself.

**Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation:** Not available.

### 13. Disposal considerations

**Waste Disposal:** Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.
14. Transport information

**DOT Classification:** CLASS 3: Flammable liquid.

**Identification:** Acetaldehyde UNNA: 1089 PG: I

**Special Provisions for Transport:** Marine Pollutant

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall Radchem CC be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if Radchem CC has been advised of the possibility of such damages.